ABSTRACT



The present invention is a method and apparatus for providing positional information of a disk. The disk has at least one side with a plurality of tracks, each having a first burst in a first servo field and a second burst in a second servo field. The first burst provides a first portion of track position information while the second burst provides a second portion of track position information. When combined, the first and second portions provide a position of a corresponding track. Each track further includes a third and a fourth burst that provides a first portion and a second portion of disk side position information. When combined, the first and second portions of disk side position information provide the disk side position of the Each track also includes a burst that provides the quadrant position of the disk. In one embodiment, the first and second bursts are located on consecutive sectors, and each track includes a servo sector sequence burst with a sector sequence number that identifies the sequence position of the consecutive sectors. The first portion, the second portion and their corresponding sector sequence number in combination provide a position of a corresponding track.